



Annual Financial Report
June 30, 2021

Pajaro Valley Unified School District

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Independent Auditor's Report

Governing Board
Pajaro Valley Unified School District
Watsonville, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pajaro Valley Unified School District (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4-12, Budgetary Comparison Schedule on page 64, Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios on page 65, Schedule of District OPEB Contributions on page 66, Schedule of Investment Returns on 67, Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liabilities on page 68 and Schedule of Contributions on pages 69, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information such as the combining non-major governmental fund financial statements and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

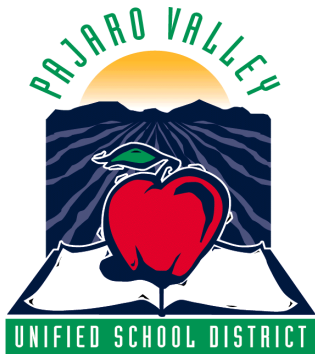
The combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, and the other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 25, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

The image shows a handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Eide Bailly LLP". The signature is written in black ink and is positioned above the typed name and date.

Menlo Park, California
February 25, 2022



PAJARO VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

294 Green Valley Road, Watsonville, CA 95076
(831) 786-2100

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The Management's Discussion and Analysis section of the 2020-2021 Annual Financial Audit summarizes the District's changes in financial position during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. The District's financial statements adhere to standards and requirements prescribed under the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the Pajaro Valley Unified School District (the District) using the integrated approach as prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles.

The *Government-Wide Financial Statements* present the financial picture of the District from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present major governmental activities in accordance with accrual accounting. These statements include all assets of the District (including capital assets), deferred outflows of resources, as well as all liabilities (including long-term debt), and deferred inflows of resources. Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by the statement in regards to inter-fund activity, payables, and receivables.

The *Fund Financial Statements* include statements for each of the three categories of activities: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

- The *Governmental Fund Financial Statements* are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.
- The *Proprietary Fund Financial Statements* are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.
- The *Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements* are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The District is a primary government represented in this report. The District also includes five charter schools established and overseen pursuant to the *Education Code*. They include Linscott Charter School, Watsonville Charter School of the Arts, Pacific Coast Charter School, Alianza Charter School, and Diamond Technology Institute. Financial information for the charter schools is included in the special revenue, charter school fund of the District.

Financial Highlights of the Past Year

- The District's net position decreased by \$17 million as a result of this year's changes in pension liabilities and OPEB liabilities. The changes were related to discount rates and rate of returns on investments dedicated for pension liabilities.
- The District's expenses increased \$25 million over last year mainly due to changes in salaries and benefits. The District's total expenses for the current year were at \$389 million compared to \$364 million last year.
- The District's net OPEB liability increased from \$106 to \$131 million due to costs of \$15 million and increases to deferrals of \$14 million. The District's funded amount of the OPEB liability is at \$3.8 million.
- The General Fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$20.8 million and the ending fund balance of the general fund was \$39.4 million. The increase was the result of current loans issued in March 2021 in the amount of \$24.7 million.
- The District spent \$6.6 million on school modernization projects and the remaining unspent proceeds from the District's general obligation bonds are at \$27.2 million at year-end.

Reporting the District as A Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* report information about the District as a whole and its activities. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting. All current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in it. Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. These statements are one measure of the District's financial health and position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is one indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

Overall, these factors are subject to significant influences from state and federal education funding policies. As a result of current economic conditions, they have undergone dramatic fluctuations over the past five fiscal years. These changes have largely been unforeseen and unprecedented. Projections indicate this condition will continue over the next two fiscal years.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

The relationship between revenues and expenses is the District's operating results. Since the Board's responsibility is to provide services to all students, and not to generate profit as commercial entities do, one must consider other factors when evaluating the overall health of the District. The quality of the instructional program, academic achievement among students, and the safety and condition of school facilities are important components in the evaluation of District effectiveness.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we include the District activities as follows:

Governmental Activities - All of the District's services are reported in this category. This includes the education of transitional kindergarten through grade twelve students, adult education students, the operation of child development activities, other student services, and the on-going effort to improve and maintain buildings and sites. Property taxes, state education funding, user fees, interest income, federal, state and local grants, as well as general obligation bonds, finance these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by general obligation bond covenants. In addition, District leadership establishes many other funds to provide appropriate fiscal control and accountability to manage money for particular purposes. Specified funds will also provide legally required reporting demonstrating the District's compliance with state and federal education funding requirements and other legal/statutory guidelines.

Governmental Funds - Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end. Specific funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance District programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements compared to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statement.

Proprietary Funds - When the District charges users for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other departments within the District, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position. The District uses internal service funds to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities - such as the District's Self-Insurance Fund. The Internal Service Fund is reported with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The District as Trustee

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for funds held on behalf of others, like our funds for a private-purpose trust and employee retiree benefits and pensions. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in the Statements of Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the District's governmentwide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its general operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Net Position

The District's net position was a deficit of \$249 million and a deficit of \$232 million for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Of this amount, a deficit net position of \$298 million and \$274 million were unrestricted for fiscal years ending June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the School Board's ability to use net position for day-to-day operations. Our analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and change in net position (Table 2) of the District's governmental activities.

	Table 1: Governmental Activities			
	2021	2020	Var\$	Var%
Assets				
Current and other assets	\$ 162,524,421	\$ 113,600,089	\$ 48,924,332	43.1%
Capital assets	185,638,344	193,108,673	(7,470,329)	-3.9%
Total assets	<u>348,162,765</u>	<u>306,708,762</u>	<u>41,454,003</u>	<u>13.5%</u>
Deferred outflows of resources	<u>99,623,503</u>	<u>98,582,106</u>	<u>1,041,397</u>	<u>1.1%</u>
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	57,270,038	25,119,065	32,150,973	128.0%
Long-term liabilities	617,000,745	592,503,795	24,496,950	4.1%
Total liabilities	<u>674,270,783</u>	<u>617,622,860</u>	<u>56,647,923</u>	<u>9.2%</u>
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>22,640,653</u>	<u>19,780,881</u>	<u>2,859,772</u>	<u>14.5%</u>
Net Position (deficit)				
Net investment in capital assets	5,895,821	20,472,067	(14,576,246)	-71.2%
Restricted	43,549,264	22,187,235	21,362,029	96.3%
Unrestricted	<u>(298,570,253)</u>	<u>(274,772,175)</u>	<u>(23,798,078)</u>	<u>8.7%</u>
Total net deficit position	<u><u>\$ (249,125,168)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (232,112,873)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (17,012,295)</u></u>	<u><u>7.3%</u></u>

The deficit unrestricted net position of \$298 million represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations. The deficit net position resulted from the unfunded pension and OPEB liabilities.

Changes in Net Position

The results of 2020-2021 general operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. Table 2 takes the information from the Statement and rearranges it slightly so you can see our total revenues and expenses for the year.

	Table 2: Governmental Activities			
	2021	2020	Var\$	Var%
Revenues				
Program revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 290,771	\$ 666,652	\$ (375,881)	-56.4%
Operating grants and contributions	132,987,949	84,516,756	48,471,193	57.4%
General revenues				
Federal and State aid not restricted	126,760,860	133,906,284	(7,145,424)	-5.3%
Property taxes	93,806,835	91,295,217	2,511,618	2.8%
Other general revenues	18,834,294	6,997,248	11,837,046	169.2%
Total revenues	<u>372,680,709</u>	<u>317,382,157</u>	<u>55,298,552</u>	<u>17.4%</u>
Expenses				
Instruction-related	282,391,408	261,981,385	20,410,023	7.8%
Pupil services	57,590,583	49,771,683	7,818,900	15.7%
Administration	14,076,334	8,256,307	5,820,027	70.5%
Plant services	18,203,145	25,494,594	(7,291,449)	-28.6%
All other services	17,431,534	19,011,402	(1,579,868)	-8.3%
Total expenses	<u>389,693,004</u>	<u>364,515,371</u>	<u>25,177,633</u>	<u>6.9%</u>
Change in net position	<u>\$ (17,012,295)</u>	<u>\$ (47,133,214)</u>	<u>\$ 30,120,919</u>	<u>-63.9%</u>

Governmental Activities

As reported in the Statement of Activities, the cost of all governmental activities in 2020-2021 was \$390 million. However, the amount that District taxpayers ultimately financed for related activities through local taxes was only \$239 million. This is because \$133 million was paid by those benefiting from District programs or by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions. The District paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of its governmental activities with State and federal funds and with other revenues, such as interest and general entitlements.

In Table 3, we have presented the net cost of each of the District's largest functions (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). As noted above, net cost includes the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows members of the public to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

	Table 3: Total Cost of Services			
	2021	2020	Var\$	Var%
Instruction-related	\$ 282,391,408	\$ 261,981,385	\$ 20,410,023	7.8%
Pupil services	57,590,583	49,771,683	7,818,900	15.7%
Administration	14,076,334	8,256,307	5,820,027	70.5%
Plant services	18,203,145	25,494,594	(7,291,449)	-28.6%
All other services	17,431,534	19,011,402	(1,579,868)	-8.3%
Total	\$ 389,693,004	\$ 364,515,371	\$ 25,177,633	6.9%

General Fund Highlights

A District of this size and complexity will often see a three to five percent swing in its final ending balance between estimated and unaudited actuals. In addition, District revenues and expenditures are now influenced by changes in the state's Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF). In 2020-2021, the District's ending balance increased by \$21 million. This was primarily due to an issuance of current loans. District staff provided the Board of Trustees public information highlighting projected and actual variances to the District's expenditures and revenues over the course of the fiscal year. This is a standard practice. This information can be found on the District's website (www.pvUSD.net) in the Business Services section.

2020-2021 fiscal year was the eight year of working with the newly implemented Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) and Local Control Accountability Plan (LCAP). The District engaged the various stakeholder groups to provide specific input and implementation requirements for the LCAP. The District continued to align the budget and its LCAP as required by law. The District's current year LCAP was adopted as part of its 2021-2022 Budget.

As part of the LCAP the District planned the transfer of Career Tech Ed from the County Office of Education, added additional technology innovative programs, increased support of middle school sports, and increase access to visual and performing arts curriculum.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2021 and 2020, the District had \$186 million and \$193 million, net of depreciation in a broad range of capital assets including land, buildings, furniture and equipment. The District's capital outlays were \$25 million and mainly funded with proceeds from general obligation bonds.

	Table 4: Governmental Activities			
	2021	2020	Var\$	Var%
Land and construction in progress	\$ 27,559,827	\$ 78,148,900	\$(50,589,073)	-64.7%
Buildings and improvements	155,512,706	112,097,762	43,414,944	38.7%
Equipment	2,565,811	2,862,011	(296,200)	-10.3%
Total	\$ 185,638,344	\$ 193,108,673	\$ (7,470,329)	-3.9%

This year's additions to capital assets are primarily from the site improvement and Measure L projects at various sites. Projects were started using the District's Measure L general obligation bond funds and approximately \$7 million of the additions to capital assets were Measure L projects. Measure L was enacted by District voters in November 2012.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of this year, the District had \$188.8 million in bonds outstanding. The District's long-term debt is summarized below.

	Table 5: Governmental Activities			
	2021	2020	Var\$	Var%
Long-Term Liabilities				
General obligation bonds	\$ 188,823,874	\$ 193,342,923	\$ (4,519,049)	-2.3%
Unamortized bond premiums	10,612,449	11,132,658	(520,209)	-4.7%
Certificates of participation	14,795,000	15,335,000	(540,000)	-3.5%
Unamortized COP premiums	221,542	237,367	(15,825)	-6.7%
Compensated absences	1,673,707	1,643,474	30,233	1.8%
Claims liability	2,204,787	2,470,950	(266,163)	-10.8%
Net OPEB liability	130,774,469	105,830,065	24,944,404	23.6%
Aggregate net pension liability	267,894,917	262,511,358	5,383,559	2.1%
Total	\$ 617,000,745	\$ 592,503,795	\$ 24,496,950	4.1%

The State limits the amount of general obligation debt school districts can issue to 2.5% of the assessed value of all taxable property within a district's legal boundaries.

Other financial obligations include compensated absences payable, capital leases, and other long-term debt. We present more detailed information regarding the District's long-term obligations in Note 11 of the financial statements.

Net Pension Liability (NPL) and Net OPEB Liability (NOL)

The District reported \$267.9 million and \$262.5 million net pension liability in its statement of net position in 2020-2021 and 2019-2020, respectively. In addition, the District reported \$130.8 million and \$105.8 million in net OPEB liabilities for the same years. The increases in these liabilities were mainly related to change in the investment returns and a change in the discount rate.

Fiscal Outlook for 2021-2022

In considering the District Budget for the 2021-2022 year, the District Board and management evaluates many factors. Major factors impacting the District are the economy and changes in enrollment. The District creates a projection of LCFF revenue based on the FCMAT/BASC calculator. The District's ADA has been projected using a reduction in ADA based on lower enrollment numbers. Additionally, the District has forecasted for employee benefits increases. A significant portion of the employee benefits increases are the result of STRS and PERS (employee retirement systems) increasing rates. These indicators were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for 2021-2022. Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are \$264.2 million an increase of 15.8% compared to the \$228.1 million in 2020-2021.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

The annual financial report is designed to provide District citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and accountability for the public funds it administers under law. For additional information and/or questions about this report or other District financial activities, please contact: Director of Finance, Pajaro Valley Unified School District, 294 Green Valley Road, Watsonville, CA 95076.

Pajaro Valley Unified School District
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Deposits and investments	\$ 99,229,969
Receivables	59,244,687
Prepaid expense	3,723,428
Stores inventories	326,337
Capital assets not depreciated	27,559,827
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	158,078,517
Total assets	348,162,765
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred charge on refunding	7,472,943
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	24,707,791
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	67,442,769
Total deferred outflows of resources	99,623,503
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	16,841,187
Interest payable	2,567,270
Unearned revenue	13,196,581
Current loans	24,665,000
Long-term liabilities	
Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pension	
Due within one year	8,015,575
Due in more than one year	210,315,784
Net other postemployment benefits liability (OPEB)	
Due in more than one year	130,774,469
Aggregate net pension liabilities - due in more than one year	267,894,917
Total liabilities	674,270,783
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	1,281,031
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	21,359,622
Total deferred inflows of resources	22,640,653
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	5,895,821
Restricted for	
Debt service	5,382,104
Capital projects	8,513,844
Food services	9,379,577
Educational programs	20,273,739
Unrestricted deficit	(298,570,253)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (249,125,168)

Pajaro Valley Unified School District

Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues		Net (Expenses)
		Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Changes in Net Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities				
Instruction	\$212,982,520	\$ 58,376	\$ 66,947,505	\$ (145,976,639)
Instruction-related activities				
Supervision of instruction	30,910,579	13,959	14,539,132	(16,357,488)
Instructional library, media, and technology	14,127,955	979	8,110,284	(6,016,692)
School site administration	24,370,354	491	1,062,529	(23,307,334)
Pupil services				
Home-to-school transportation	8,247,284	-	445,633	(7,801,651)
Food services	15,133,242	31,511	17,924,565	2,822,834
All other pupil services	34,210,057	4,985	10,546,949	(23,658,123)
Administration				
Data processing	3,479,953	1,099	68,711	(3,410,143)
All other administration	10,596,381	4,416	3,164,851	(7,427,114)
Plant services	18,203,145	26,899	4,019,890	(14,156,356)
Ancillary services	3,068,967	2,639	426,032	(2,640,296)
Community services	6,852	52	2,038	(4,762)
Enterprise services	6,438,859	-	-	(6,438,859)
Interest on long-term liabilities	7,700,829	-	-	(7,700,829)
Other outgo	216,027	145,365	5,729,830	5,659,168
Total primary government	\$389,693,004	\$ 290,771	\$132,987,949	(256,414,284)
General Revenues and Subventions				
Property taxes, levied for general purposes				81,867,606
Property taxes, levied for debt service				10,764,091
Taxes levied for other specific purposes				1,175,138
Federal and State aid not restricted to specific purposes				126,760,860
Interest and investment earnings				563,979
Miscellaneous				18,270,315
Total general revenues				239,401,989
Change in Net Position				(17,012,295)
Net Deficit Position (Deficit) - Beginning				(232,112,873)
Net Deficit Position (Deficit) - Ending				\$ (249,125,168)

Pajaro Valley Unified School District

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Deposits and investments	\$ 33,984,959	\$ 27,288,539	\$ 30,206,395	\$ 91,479,893
Receivables	50,447,232	-	8,778,562	59,225,794
Due from other funds	1,968,048	-	18,053	1,986,101
Prepaid items	3,723,428	-	-	3,723,428
Stores inventories	151,980	-	174,357	326,337
Total assets	\$ 90,275,647	\$ 27,288,539	\$ 39,177,367	\$ 156,741,553
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 15,038,019	\$ 51,140	\$ 1,751,946	\$ 16,841,105
Due to other funds	-	-	3,439,724	3,439,724
Current loan	24,665,000	-	-	24,665,000
Unearned revenue	11,123,814	-	2,072,767	13,196,581
Total liabilities	50,826,833	51,140	7,264,437	58,142,410
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	4,090,408	-	174,357	4,264,765
Restricted	14,203,604	27,237,399	31,738,573	73,179,576
Unassigned	21,154,802	-	-	21,154,802
Total fund balances	39,448,814	27,237,399	31,912,930	98,599,143
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 90,275,647	\$ 27,288,539	\$ 39,177,367	\$ 156,741,553

Pajaro Valley Unified School District

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position - Governmental Funds

June 30, 2021

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds \$ 98,599,143

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.

The cost of capital assets is	\$ 442,132,196
Accumulated depreciation is	<u>(256,493,852)</u>

Net capital assets	185,638,344
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In governmental funds, unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is recognized in the period when it is due. On the government-wide financial statements, unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is recognized when it is incurred. (2,567,270)

An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of the workers' compensation insurance program to the individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included with governmental activities. 7,017,723

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position in a future period and is not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources amounted to and related to

Debt refundings (deferred charge on refunding)	7,472,943
Net other postemployment benefits (OPEB)	24,707,791
Net pension liability	<u>67,442,769</u>

Total deferred outflows of resources	99,623,503
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Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and is not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred inflows of resources amount to and related to

Net other postemployment benefits (OPEB)	(1,281,031)
Net pension liability	<u>(21,359,622)</u>

Total deferred inflows of resources	(22,640,653)
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Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period, and is not reported as a liability in the funds. (267,894,917)

Pajaro Valley Unified School District

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position - Governmental Funds

June 30, 2021

The District's net OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period, and is not reported as a liability in the funds.		(130,774,469)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.		
Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of		
General obligation bonds	(199,436,323)	
Certificates of participation	(15,016,542)	
Compensated absences (vacations)	<u>(1,673,707)</u>	
Total long-term liabilities		<u>(216,126,572)</u>
Total net position - governmental activities		<u><u>\$ (249,125,168)</u></u>

Pajaro Valley Unified School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ 188,572,551	\$ -	\$ 15,789,455	\$ 204,362,006
Federal sources	36,944,668	-	27,009,450	63,954,118
Other State sources	53,324,265	-	15,468,664	68,792,929
Other local sources	4,094,105	240,111	13,090,794	17,425,010
Total revenues	<u>282,935,589</u>	<u>240,111</u>	<u>71,358,363</u>	<u>354,534,063</u>
Expenditures				
Current				
Instruction	146,441,384	-	21,893,917	168,335,301
Instruction-related activities				
Supervision of instruction	19,934,290	-	4,680,147	24,614,437
Instructional library, media, and technology	11,178,079	-	732,109	11,910,188
School site administration	14,331,945	-	5,275,015	19,606,960
Pupil services				
Home-to-school transportation	6,894,558	-	-	6,894,558
Food services	241,965	-	12,685,579	12,927,544
All other pupil services	25,097,480	-	2,184,557	27,282,037
Administration				
Data processing	2,918,565	-	-	2,918,565
All other administration	7,249,716	-	1,298,343	8,548,059
Plant services	12,131,513	-	1,833,253	13,964,766
Ancillary services	2,490,955	-	-	2,490,955
Community services	5,984	-	-	5,984
Other outgo	216,027	-	-	216,027
Capital outlay	11,786,632	12,170,713	708,451	24,665,796
Debt service				
Principal	540,000	-	6,215,000	6,755,000
Interest and other	800,687	-	5,546,333	6,347,020
Total expenditures	<u>262,259,780</u>	<u>12,170,713</u>	<u>63,052,704</u>	<u>337,483,197</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>20,675,809</u>	<u>(11,930,602)</u>	<u>8,305,659</u>	<u>17,050,866</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	188,555	-	98,982	287,537
Transfers out	(98,982)	(188,555)	-	(287,537)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>89,573</u>	<u>(188,555)</u>	<u>98,982</u>	<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	20,765,382	(12,119,157)	8,404,641	17,050,866
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>18,683,432</u>	<u>39,356,556</u>	<u>23,508,289</u>	<u>81,548,277</u>
Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$ 39,448,814</u>	<u>\$ 27,237,399</u>	<u>\$ 31,912,930</u>	<u>\$ 98,599,143</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements

Pajaro Valley Unified School District

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of
 Activities - Governmental Funds
 Year Ended June 30, 2021

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds \$ 17,050,866

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of
 Activities are Different Because

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures; however, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the Statement of Activities.

This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlays in the period.

Depreciation expense	\$ (32,136,125)	
Capital outlays	<u>24,665,796</u>	
Net expense adjustment		(7,470,329)

The District issued capital appreciation general obligations bonds. The accretion of interest on the general obligation bonds during the current fiscal year was (1,695,951)

In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses, such as compensated absences (vacations) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This amount is the difference between vacation earned and used. (30,233)

In the governmental funds, pension costs are based on employer contributions made to pension plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows, deferred inflows and net pension liability during the year. (18,614,078)

In the governmental funds, OPEB costs are based on employer contributions made to OPEB plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, OPEB expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and net OPEB liability during the year. (12,950,417)

Deferred charge on refunding (the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the refunded debt) are capitalized and amortized over the remaining life of the new or old debt, whichever is shorter. (581,843)

Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and the deferred charge on a refunding when the debt is first issued, whereas the amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.
 Premium amortization 536,034

Pajaro Valley Unified School District

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of
Activities - Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2021

Payment of principal on long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.

General obligation bonds	6,215,000
Certificates of participation	540,000

Interest on long-term liabilities is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due; however, in the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accretes or accrues, regardless of when it is due.

387,951

An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of the self insurance program to the individual funds. The net revenue of the Internal Service Fund is reported with governmental activities.

(399,295)

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ (17,012,295)

Pajaro Valley Unified School District
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund
June 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Assets	
Current assets	
Deposits and investments	\$ 7,750,076
Receivables	18,893
Due from other funds	1,453,623
Total assets	9,222,592
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	82
Claims liability	551,197
Total current liabilities	551,279
Noncurrent liabilities	
Claims liability	1,653,590
Total liabilities	2,204,869
Net Position	
Unrestricted	7,017,723
Total net position	\$ 7,017,723

Pajaro Valley Unified School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund
Year Ended June 30, 2021

	<u>Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund</u>
Operating Revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 5,755,845
Operating Expenses	
Insurance	<u>6,197,972</u>
Operating Income (Loss)	(442,127)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	
Interest income	<u>42,832</u>
Change in Net Position	(399,295)
Total Net Position - Beginning	<u>7,417,018</u>
Total Net Position - Ending	<u><u>\$ 7,017,723</u></u>

Pajaro Valley Unified School District
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund
Year Ended June 30, 2021

	<u>Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund</u>
Operating Activities	
Cash received from district funds	\$ 5,736,952
Cash payments for insurance premiums or settlements	<u>(6,617,032)</u>
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(880,080)
Noncapital Financing Activities	
Transfer from district funds	3,493,584
Investing Activities	
Interest on investments	<u>42,832</u>
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,656,336
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning	<u>5,093,740</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	<u><u>\$ 7,750,076</u></u>
Reconciliation of Operating (Loss) to Net Cash (Used for) Operating Activities	
Operating (loss)	\$ (442,127)
Changes in assets and liabilities	
Receivables	(18,893)
Accounts payable	(152,897)
Claims liability	<u>(266,163)</u>
Net Cash Used For Operating Activities	<u><u>\$ (880,080)</u></u>

Pajaro Valley Unified School District
Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds
June 30, 2021

	Retiree Benefits Trust Fund	Private-Purpose Trust Fund
Assets		
Cash in county treasury	\$ 8,007	\$ 2,541,041
Equity mutual funds	3,897,925	-
Total assets	3,905,932	2,541,041
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	-	347,211
Total liabilities	-	347,211
Net Position		
Restricted for:		
Postemployment benefits other than pensions	3,905,932	-
Individuals and organizations	-	2,193,830
Total net position	\$ 3,905,932	\$ 2,193,830

Pajaro Valley Unified School District
Statement of Changes in Net Position - Fiduciary Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Retiree Benefits Trust Fund	Private-Purpose Trust Fund
Additions		
Private donations	\$ -	\$ 314,536
Employer contributions	3,776,187	-
Investment income	726,101	-
Interest	3,329	16,034
Total additions	4,505,617	330,570
Deductions		
Administrative expense	38,042	-
Scholarships awarded	-	253,117
Total deductions	3,814,229	253,117
Net Increase in Fiduciary Net Position	691,388	77,453
Net Position - Beginning	3,214,544	2,116,377
Net Position - Ending	\$ 3,905,932	\$ 2,193,830

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Financial Reporting Entity

The Pajaro Valley Unified School District was unified in 1964 under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally elected seven-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K - 12 as mandated by the State and/or Federal agencies. The District operates sixteen elementary, six middle, three high school, one community day school, one continuation high school, an adult education school, twelve childcare centers, a migrant center and five charter schools.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Pajaro Valley Unified School District, the primary government includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

The District has approved Charters for Diamond Technology Institute, Alianza Charter, Linscott Charter, Watsonville Charter School of Arts, Pacific Coast Charter and Ceiba College Preparatory Academy pursuant to *Education Code* Section 47605. All Charter Schools, except Ceiba, are operated by the District and their financial activities are accounted for in the charter school special revenue fund. Ceiba College Preparatory Academy, an independent charter school is not included in the primary government and is not considered a component unit of the District. Separate financial statements are not issued for the dependent charter schools of the District.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The District's funds are grouped into three broad fund categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major and non-major governmental funds:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund The General Fund is the chief operating fund for all districts. It is used to account for the ordinary operations of the District. All transactions except those accounted for in another fund are accounted for in this fund.

Building Fund The Building Fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (Education Code Section 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds – The Special Revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts, major capital projects, or debt service) that are restricted or committed to the financing of particular activities and that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund. Additional resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the purpose of the fund may also be reported in the fund.

- **Charter Schools Fund** The Charter Schools Fund may be used by authorizing Districts to account separately for the activities of District-operated charter schools that would otherwise be reported in the authorizing District's General Fund.
- **Adult Education Fund** The Adult Education Fund is used to account separately for federal, State, and user fees restricted for adult education programs and is to be expended for adult education purposes only.
- **Child Development Fund** The Child Development Fund is used to account separately for federal, State, and local revenues to operate child development programs and is to be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs.
- **Cafeteria Fund** The Cafeteria Fund is used to account separately for federal, State, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38090-38093) and is used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38091 and 38100).
- **Deferred Maintenance** The Deferred Maintenance Fund is used to account separately for revenues that are restricted or committed for deferred maintenance purposes (*Education Code* Section 17582).

Capital Project funds The Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other major capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

- **Capital Facilities Fund** The Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account separately for monies received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approval (*Education Code* Sections 17620-17626 and Government Code Section 65995 et seq.). Expenditures are restricted to the purposes specified in Government Code Sections 65970-65981 or to the items specified in agreements with the developer (Government Code Section 66006).

Debt Service Funds The Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of restricted, committed, or assigned resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term liabilities.

- **Bond Interest and Redemption Fund** The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for a District (*Education Code* Sections 15125-15262).

Proprietary Funds *Proprietary funds* are used to account for activities that are more business-like than government-like in nature. Business-type activities include those for which a fee is charged to external users or to other organizational units of the local education agency, normally on a full cost-recovery basis. Proprietary funds are generally intended to be self-supporting and are classified as enterprise or internal service. The District has only one internal service fund which is the Self-Insurance Fund.

- **Internal Service Fund** Internal Service Fund may be used to account for any activity for which goods or services are provided to other funds of the District in return for a fee to cover the cost of operations. The District operates workers' compensations and dental programs that are accounted for in the Self-Insurance fund.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District and are not available to support the District's own programs. Fiduciary funds are split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. The three types of trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangement that has certain characteristics.

Trust funds are used to account for resources held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The District's trust funds are *Retiree Benefits Trust* and *Private-Purpose Scholarship Trust funds*.

Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements, but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared.

Government-Wide Financial Statements The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each governmental function and excludes fiduciary activity. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use is either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their net position use.

Fund Financial Statements Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major governmental funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

- **Governmental Funds** All governmental funds are accounted for using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements, prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, and the governmental fund financial statements, prepared using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- **Proprietary Funds** Proprietary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included in the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in assets and liabilities. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary fund.
- **Fiduciary Funds** Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because they do not represent resources of the District.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, available is defined as collectible within 365 days after year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are levied. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose restrictions. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue Unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures or expenses. In subsequent periods, when revenue recognition criteria is met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet/net position and revenue is recognized.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on long-term obligations, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Investments

Investments held at June 30, 2021, with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in County and State investment pools are determined by the pools.

Prepaid Expenditures (Expenses)

Prepaid items represent amounts paid in advance of receiving goods or services. The District has the option of reporting an expenditure in governmental funds for prepaid items either when purchased or during the benefiting period. The District has chosen to report the expenditures/expenses over the benefiting period.

Stores Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable food and supplies held for consumption. Inventories are stated at cost, on the first-in, first-out basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental type funds and expenses in the proprietary type funds when used.

Current Loans

Current loans consist of amounts outstanding at year end for Tax Revenue and Anticipation Notes. The notes were issued as short-term liabilities to provide cash flow needs. This liability is offset with cash deposits in the County Treasurer, which have been set aside to repay the notes.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are long-lived assets of the District. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$25,000 with the exception to federally funded equipment and Food Services Program which has a threshold of \$2,000 with a useful life of five years or more. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized but are expensed as incurred.

When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized in the government-wide statement of net position. The valuation basis for capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are reported at the acquisition cost amount at the date of donation.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 15 to 40 years; improvements, 5 to 50 years; equipment, 2 to 15 years.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental column of the statement of net position.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resources. These amounts are reported in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee at the rate of one day for each month worked. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. However, credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified and certificated school members who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive service credit for each day of unused sick leave per STRS and PERS regulations.

Compensated absences (unpaid employee vacation) for the District at June 30, 2021, amounted to \$1,673,707.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Liabilities

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full, from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the governmental funds.

However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, capital leases, and other long-term obligations are recognized as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Debt Issuance Costs, Premiums and Discounts

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term debt obligations and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Debt premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, related to prepaid insurance costs are amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs are recognized in the current period. The face amount and premium of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Financial Position also reports deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources for the unamortized amount on the refunding of general obligation bonds, for pension related items, and for OPEB related items.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Financial Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The District reports deferred inflows of resources for deferred charges on refunding, for pension related items, and for OPEB related items.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Benefit Trust Company, the California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan for schools (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by Benefit Trust Company, CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value. The net pension liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid by the fund in which the employee worked.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District Plan and the CalSTRS Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program and additions to/deductions from the District Plan and the MPP's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the District Plan and the MPP. For this purpose, the District Plan and the MPP recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost. The total OPEB liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2021, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing board. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions or other action as approved by the governing board. The District currently does not have any committed funds.

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the District's adopted policy, only the governing board, and chief business officer may assign amounts for specific purposes. The District currently does not have any Assigned funds.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

Spending Order Policy

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

In fiscal year 2010-2011, the governing board adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund in order to protect the District against revenue shortfalls or unpredicted on-time expenditures. The policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties consisting of unassigned amounts equal to no less than 3% of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position net of investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, these revenues are interfund amounts paid from other funds to the Self-Insurance fund to reimburse insurance premiums. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of the fund.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The Counties of Santa Cruz and Monterey bill and collect the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received because the District uses the commonly approved Teeter plans.

Change in Accounting Principles

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The provisions of this Statement have been implemented as of July 1, 2020.

New Accounting Pronouncements Effective in Future Fiscal Years

GASB Statement No. 87 – In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The Statement is effective for the reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020, or FY 2021/2022. The District is evaluating the impact of this Statement on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 89 – In June 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period*. The objectives of this Statement is to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (b) to simplify accounting for certain interest costs. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in the financial statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the District for fiscal year 2021-2022. The District is evaluating the impact of this Statement on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 91 – In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The objectives of this Statement is to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with commitments extended by issuers, arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and related note disclosures by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021 or Fiscal Year 2022-2023. The District is evaluating the impact of this Statement on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 92 – In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. The objectives of this Statement is to establish accounting and financial reporting requirements for specific issues related to leases, intra-entity transfers of assets, postemployment benefits, government acquisitions, risk financing and insurance-related activities of public entity risk pools, fair value measurements, and derivative instruments. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021 or fiscal year 2021-2022, except for the requirement relating to Statement 87 and Implementation Guide 2019-3; reinsurance recoveries, and terminology used to refer to derivative instruments which are effective upon issuance. The District is evaluating the impact of this Statement on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 94 – In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The objectives of this Statement improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022 or fiscal year 2022-2023. The District is evaluating the impact of this Statement on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 96 – In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. The objective of this Statement is to provide guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022 or fiscal year 2022-2023. The District is evaluating the impact of this Statement on the financial statements.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2021, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental funds	\$ 91,479,893
Proprietary funds	7,750,076
Fiduciary funds	<u>6,446,973</u>
Total deposits and investments	<u><u>\$ 105,676,942</u></u>

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2021, consist of the following:

Cash on hand and in banks	\$ 5,851,037
Cash with fiscal agent	3,897,925
Cash in revolving	150,000
Investments	<u>95,777,980</u>
Total deposits and investments	<u><u>\$ 105,676,942</u></u>

Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (Education Code Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

General Authorizations

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Pooled investments, such as the county pool and mutual funds with the Benefit Trust Company were not rated on June 30, 2021.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Pool and mutual funds. The weighted average maturity for the mutual funds are less than one year. The cost and fair value of the deposits with the County Pool at June 30, 2021 approximate cost, and the weighted average maturity of the pool was 431 days.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105% of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2021, the District's bank balance of \$415,000 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured but collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the name of the District.

Note 3 - Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the District has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 1 assets may include debt and equity securities that are traded in an active exchange market and that are highly liquid and are actively traded in over-the-counter markets.
- Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, such as interest rates and curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, implied volatilities, and credit spreads. For financial reporting purposes, if an asset has a specified term, a Level 2 input is required to be observable for substantially the full term of the asset.
- Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonably available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Note 4 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2021, consisted of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, interest and other local sources. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

	Governmental Funds			Proprietary Funds
	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total	
Federal Government				
Categorical aid	\$ 7,165,340	\$ 2,699,951	\$ 9,865,291	\$ -
State Government				
LCFF apportionment	28,172,950	-	28,172,950	-
Categorical aid	13,986,340	3,229,988	17,216,328	-
Lottery	785,097	-	785,097	-
Local Government				
Other local sources	337,505	2,848,623	3,186,128	18,893
Total	\$ 50,447,232	\$ 8,778,562	\$ 59,225,794	\$ 18,893

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2020	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2021
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 18,655,144	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,655,144
Construction in progress	59,493,756	6,642,140	(57,231,213)	8,904,683
Total capital assets not being depreciated	78,148,900	6,642,140	(57,231,213)	27,559,827
Capital assets being depreciated				
Land improvements	29,771,661	40,028,840	-	69,800,501
Buildings and improvements	300,298,725	35,029,172	-	335,327,897
Furniture and equipment	9,247,114	196,857	-	9,443,971
Total capital assets being depreciated	339,317,500	75,254,869	-	414,572,369
Total capital assets	417,466,400	81,897,009	(57,231,213)	442,132,196
Accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(5,468,668)	(10,355,759)	-	(15,824,427)
Buildings and improvements	(212,503,956)	(21,287,309)	-	(233,791,265)
Furniture and equipment	(6,385,103)	(493,057)	-	(6,878,160)
Total accumulated depreciation	(224,357,727)	(32,136,125)	-	(256,493,852)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 193,108,673	\$ 49,760,884	\$ (57,231,213)	\$ 185,638,344

Depreciation expense was charged as a direct expense to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Instruction	\$ 17,484,326
Supervision of instruction	2,556,605
Instructional library, media, and technology	1,237,064
School site administration	2,036,498
Home-to-school transportation	716,111
Food services	1,342,733
All other pupil services	2,833,678
Data processing	303,140
All other administration	887,666
Plant services	2,478,956
Ancillary services	258,726
Community Services	<u>622</u>
 Total depreciation expenses governmental activities	 <u><u>\$ 32,136,125</u></u>

Note 6 - Interfund Transactions

Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due To/Due From)

Interfund receivables and payable balances arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period which transactions are executed. Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2021, between major and non-major governmental funds, and proprietary funds are as follows:

Due To	Due From			Total
	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	
Non-Major Governmental Funds	<u>\$ 1,968,048</u>	<u>\$ 18,053</u>	<u>\$ 1,453,623</u>	<u>\$ 3,439,724</u>

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

Transfer To	Transfer From		Total
	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 98,982	\$ 98,982
Building Fund	188,555	-	188,555
Total	\$ 188,555	\$ 98,982	\$ 287,537
General Fund transferred to Charter Schools to cover deficit spending			\$ 68,805
The General Fund transferred to the Child Development Fund to support the Child Development Program.			30,177
Building Fund transferred to the General Fund for services provided in bond measures			188,555
Total			\$ 287,537

Note 7 - Deferred Charge on Refunding

Deferred charge on refunding is a consumption of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. The \$7,472,943 balance of the deferred outflows of resources at June 30, 2021 will be recognized as an expense and as a decrease in net position over the remaining life of related bonds.

The change in the District's deferred charge on refunding is as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2020	Accretion/ Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2021
Deferred charges on refunding	\$ 8,054,786	\$ -	\$ 581,843	\$ 7,472,943

Note 8 - Accounts Payable

Accounts payable at June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Vendor payables	\$ 4,713,638	\$ 14,924	\$ 1,726,168	\$ 6,454,730	\$ 82	\$ 338,861
Salaries and benefits	10,324,381	36,216	25,778	10,386,375	-	8,350
Total	\$ 15,038,019	\$ 51,140	\$ 1,751,946	\$ 16,841,105	\$ 82	\$ 347,211

Note 9 - Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Federal financial assistance	\$ 3,391,568	\$ 1,024,399	\$ 4,415,967
State categorical aid	2,504,889	227,160	2,732,049
Other local	5,227,357	821,208	6,048,565
Total	\$ 11,123,814	\$ 2,072,767	\$ 13,196,581

Note 10 - Current Loans

Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes

On March 29, 2021, the District issued \$24,665,000 of Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes bearing interest of 2.00% and which are due and payable before January 31, 2022. The District has pledged a portion of its State principal apportionment revenues in an amount equal to the principal and interest due on the notes.

The outstanding Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Issue Date	Rate	Maturity Date	Outstanding June 30, 2020	Additions	Payments	Outstanding June 30, 2021
3/29/2021	2.00%	1/31/2022	\$ -	\$ 24,665,000	\$ -	\$ 24,665,000

Note 11 - Long-Term Liabilities Other than OPEB and Pensions

Summary

The changes in the District's long-term liabilities during the year consisted of the following:

	Balance July 1, 2020	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2021	Due in One Year
Long-Term Liabilities					
General obligation bonds	\$ 193,342,923	\$ 1,695,951	\$ (6,215,000)	\$ 188,823,874	\$ 5,083,064
Unamortized bond premiums	11,132,658	-	(520,209)	10,612,449	520,209
Certificates of participation	15,335,000	-	(540,000)	14,795,000	590,000
Unamortized COP premiums	237,367	-	(15,825)	221,542	15,825
Compensated absences	1,643,474	1,233,787	(1,203,554)	1,673,707	1,255,280
Claims liability	2,470,950	377,607	(643,770)	2,204,787	551,197
Total	\$ 224,162,372	\$ 3,307,345	\$ (9,138,358)	\$ 218,331,359	\$ 8,015,575

Payments on the general obligation bonds are made by the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund with local revenues. Regularly scheduled principal payments on the capital leases are paid by the General Fund. Accumulated vacation, supplemental employee retirement benefits, and net pension liability and net OPEB are paid by the funds for which the employees worked.

General Obligation Bonds

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt is as follows:

Issuance Date	Final Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Bonds Outstanding July 1, 2020	Interest Accreted	Redeemed	Bonds Outstanding June 30, 2021
2005	2030	3.00%-5.31%	\$ 18,254,288	\$ 32,082,923	\$ 1,695,951	\$ -	\$ 33,778,874
2013	2048	3.00%-5.00%	68,540,000	28,620,000	-	-	28,620,000
2013	2038	0.63%-5.12%	11,460,000	2,920,000	-	(170,000)	2,750,000
2013	2023	0.73%-3.19%	19,675,000	8,530,000	-	(2,935,000)	5,595,000
2013	2023	2.00%-4.00%	9,765,000	4,465,000	-	(1,525,000)	2,940,000
2016	2045	2.00%-5.00%	40,000,000	36,690,000	-	-	36,690,000
2018	2047	4.00%-5.00%	30,000,000	29,500,000	-	(700,000)	28,800,000
2020	2044	0.82%-2.84%	50,535,000	50,535,000	-	(885,000)	49,650,000
				\$ 193,342,923	\$ 1,695,951	\$ (6,215,000)	\$ 188,823,874

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The bonds mature through fiscal year 2048 as follows:

Bonds Maturing Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest to Maturity	Total
2022	\$ 5,083,064	\$ 6,277,244	\$ 11,360,308
2023	5,392,590	6,165,080	11,557,670
2024	3,000,859	8,941,789	11,942,648
2025	3,089,360	9,155,604	12,244,964
2026	3,224,761	9,373,829	12,598,590
2027-2031	18,198,653	44,762,671	62,961,324
2032-2036	20,560,000	24,576,877	45,136,877
2037-2041	35,460,000	19,555,935	55,015,935
2042-2046	54,835,000	10,658,470	65,493,470
2047-2048	20,865,000	778,975	21,643,975
Subtotal	169,709,287	<u>\$ 140,246,476</u>	<u>\$ 309,955,763</u>
Accretion to date	<u>19,114,587</u>		
Total general obligation bonds	<u>\$ 188,823,874</u>		

Certificate of Participation

In December 2018, the District issued 2019 Certificates of Participation (COPs) in the amount of \$16,160,000. The COPs proceeds were used to acquire the land and building located at 294 Green Valley Road where the District Office is currently located. The COPs mature during succeeding years through August 2034. The COPs accrue interest at a rate of 5.0%.

The following is a schedule of future payments for the Certificates of Participation:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 590,000	\$ 725,000	\$ 1,315,000
2023	650,000	694,000	1,344,000
2024	705,000	660,125	1,365,125
2025	770,000	623,250	1,393,250
2026	835,000	583,125	1,418,125
2027-2031	5,325,000	2,186,875	7,511,875
2032-2035	5,920,000	618,250	6,538,250
Total	<u>\$ 14,795,000</u>	<u>\$ 6,090,625</u>	<u>\$ 20,885,625</u>

Note 12 - Fund Balances

Fund balances are composed of the following elements:

	General Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable				
Revolving cash	\$ 150,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 150,000
Stores inventories	151,980	-	174,357	326,337
Prepaid items	3,723,428	-	-	3,723,428
For all other	65,000	-	-	65,000
Total nonspendable	<u>4,090,408</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>174,357</u>	<u>4,264,765</u>
Restricted				
Educational programs	14,203,604	-	2,538,640	16,742,244
Charter schools	-	-	3,531,495	3,531,495
Food service	-	-	9,205,220	9,205,220
Capital projects	-	27,237,399	8,513,844	35,751,243
Debt services	-	-	7,949,374	7,949,374
Total restricted	<u>14,203,604</u>	<u>27,237,399</u>	<u>31,738,573</u>	<u>73,179,576</u>
Unassigned	<u>21,154,802</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>21,154,802</u>
Total	<u>\$ 39,448,814</u>	<u>\$ 27,237,399</u>	<u>\$ 31,912,930</u>	<u>\$ 98,599,143</u>

Note 13 - Postemployment Health Care Plan and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability

OPEB Plan	Net OPEB Liability	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	OPEB Expense
Retiree Health Plan	<u>\$ 130,774,469</u>	<u>\$ 24,707,791</u>	<u>\$ 1,281,031</u>	<u>\$ 12,950,417</u>

Plan Administration

Pajaro Valley Unified School District administers the Postemployment Benefits Plan (the "Plan") – a single-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for the District. Management of the Plan is vested in the District's Governing Board, which consists of seven locally elected plan members. At June 30, 2021, Plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits payments	2,060
Active employees	<u>174</u>
Total	<u>2,234</u>

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses until age 65. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of benefits is covered by the plan except for the co-share amount of \$56 to \$90. The District's Governing Board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms as contained within the negotiated labor agreements.

Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District and the Teachers Association (PVFT), the local California Service Employees Association (CSEA), and unrepresented groups. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For fiscal year 2020-2021, the District contributed \$3,776,187 to the plan, all of which was used for current premiums (approximately 100% of total premiums). Plan members are not required to contribute to the plan.

Investment Policy

The Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the District's Governing Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the Governing Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The Plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans.

The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2021:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Target Allocation</u>
All Fixed Income	55%	4.500%
Real Estate Investment Trusts	4%	7.500%
All Domestic Equities	22%	7.500%
All International Equities	19%	7.500%
	<u>100%</u>	

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 3.56%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net OPEB Liability

The component of the net OPEB liability of the District at June 30, 2021, were as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$ 134,672,394
Plan fiduciary net position	<u>(3,897,925)</u>
Net OPEB liability	<u><u>\$ 130,774,469</u></u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	<u><u>2.89%</u></u>

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Measurement Date	6/30/2021
Valuation Date	6/30/2021
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	2.75% average, including inflation
Discount rate	2.20%
Investment rate of return	3.56% net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rates	4.00% for 2020

Mortality rates were based on the 2020 CalSTRS Mortality, 2017 CalPERS Mortality for Miscellaneous and School Employees, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on CalPERS analysis.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 2020 CalSTRS Rates, and the 2017 CalPERS Rates for School Employees.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.2%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that District contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2021. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments and the 20-year municipal bond index was applied to the applicable periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)
Balance, June 30, 2020	\$ 109,039,930	\$ 3,209,865	\$ 105,830,065
Service cost	12,629,303	-	12,629,303
Interest	2,496,263	-	2,496,263
Employer contributions as benefit payments	-	3,776,187	(3,776,187)
Investment gains/(losses)	-	726,102	(726,102)
Difference between expected and actual experience	8,250,912	-	8,250,912
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	6,032,173	-	6,032,173
Benefit payments	(3,776,187)	(3,776,187)	-
Administrative expense	-	(38,042)	38,042
Net change in total OPEB liability	25,632,464	688,060	24,944,404
Balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 134,672,394	\$ 3,897,925	\$ 130,774,469

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.2%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.2%) than the current discount rate:

Discount Rate	Net OPEB Liability
1% decrease (1.2%)	\$ 141,222,806
Current discount rate (2.2%)	130,774,469
1% increase (3.2%)	120,810,955

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are percentage point lower (4% decreasing to 3%) or 1 percentage point higher (4% increasing to 5%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Net OPEB Liability
1% decrease (3%)	\$ 114,228,543
Current healthcare cost trend rate (4%)	130,774,469
1% increase (5%)	150,669,560

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$12,950,417.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 7,887,391	\$ 839,384
Changes of assumptions	16,820,400	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	-	441,647
Total	\$ 24,707,791	\$ 1,281,031

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2022	\$ 1,749,660
2023	1,763,152
2024	1,770,915
2025	1,764,610
2026	1,872,496
Thereafter	14,505,927
Total	\$ 23,426,760

Note 14 - Risk Management

Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, the District contracted with Schools Association For Excess Risk for property and liability insurance coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

Workers' Compensation

Coverage provided by the Schools Association for Excess Risk for Property and Liability and the Pajaro Valley Unified School District Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Program except for claims occurring on or after 7/1/12. These claims are covered through the Public Insurance Programs for Schools are as follows:

Insurance Program/ Company Name	Type of Coverage	Limits
Public Insurance Program for Schools	Workers' Compensation (Incidents after 7/1/12)	\$ 1,000,000
Schools Association For Excess Risk	Property	250,250,000
Schools Association For Excess Risk	Liability	10,000,000
Schools Association For Excess Risk	Excess Liability	25,000,000

Claims Liabilities

The District records an estimated liability for workers' compensation claims filed prior to the termination of the self-insured program and dental. Claims liabilities are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) and an estimate for claims incurred, but not reported based on historical experience.

Unpaid Claims Liabilities

The fund establishes a liability for both reported and unreported events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. The following represent the changes in approximate aggregate liabilities for the District from July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2021:

Liability Balance, July 1, 2019	\$ 3,839,712
Claims and changes in estimates	257,650
Claims payments	<u>(1,626,412)</u>
Liability Balance, June 30, 2020	2,470,950
Claims and changes in estimates	377,607
Claims payments	<u>(643,770)</u>
Liability Balance, June 30, 2021	<u>2,204,787</u>
Current portion of Claim liabilities	551,197
Noncurrent portion of Claim liabilities	<u>1,653,590</u>
Liability Balance, June 30, 2021	<u>\$ 2,204,787</u>
Assets available to pay claims at June 30, 2021	<u>\$ 9,222,510</u>

Note 15 - Employee Retirement Systems

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Academic employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the District reported net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the above plans as follows:

<u>Pension Plan</u>	<u>Net Pension Liability</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	<u>Pension Expense</u>
CalSTRS	\$ 170,985,405	\$ 47,571,894	\$ 18,596,814	\$ 21,682,785
CalPERS	<u>96,909,512</u>	<u>19,870,875</u>	<u>2,762,808</u>	<u>21,160,140</u>
Total	<u>\$ 267,894,917</u>	<u>\$ 67,442,769</u>	<u>\$ 21,359,622</u>	<u>\$ 42,842,925</u>

The details of each plan are as follows:

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2019, annual actuarial valuation report, Defined Benefit Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: <http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications>.

Benefits Provided

The STRP provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation, age and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation for each year of credited service.

The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the state is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the state is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

The District contributes exclusively to the STRP Defined Benefit Program, thus disclosures are not included for the other plans.

The STRP provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2021, are summarized as follows:

	STRP Defined Benefit Program	
	On or before December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013
Hire date	2% at 60	2% at 62
Benefit formula	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit vesting schedule	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Benefit payments	60	62
Retirement age	2.0% - 2.4%	2.0% - 2.4%
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	10.25%	10.205%
Required employee contribution rate	16.15%	16.15%
Required employer contribution rate	10.328%	10.328%
Required state contribution rate		

Contributions

Required member, District and State of California contributions rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. The contributions rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial method. In accordance with AB 1469, employer contributions into the CalSTRS will be increasing to a total of 19.1% of applicable member earnings phased over a seven-year period. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2021, are presented above and the District's total contributions were \$15,117,297.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total net pension liability, including State share	
Proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 170,985,405
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	88,142,996
	<u> </u>
Total	<u>\$ 259,128,401</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and the State, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively was 0.1746% and 0.1877%, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.0113%.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$21,682,785. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$12,347,969 for support provided by the State.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 15,117,297	\$ -
Change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions	11,417,760	13,774,732
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	4,061,628	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	301,711	4,822,082
Changes of assumptions	16,673,498	-
	<u>\$ 47,571,894</u>	<u>\$ 18,596,814</u>
Total		

At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year. The deferred outflow of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a remaining closed four-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2022	\$ (2,478,383)
2023	1,383,871
2024	2,760,978
2025	2,395,162
	<u>4,061,628</u>
Total	<u>\$ 4,061,628</u>

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the net change in proportionate share of net pension liability, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is seven years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2022	\$ 3,092,604
2023	3,427,838
2024	5,768,015
2025	(687,850)
2026	(388,031)
Thereafter	<u>(1,416,421)</u>
Total	<u>\$ 9,796,155</u>

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for STRP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2019
Measurement date	June 30, 2020
Experience study	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.10%
Investment rate of return	7.10%
Consumer price inflation	2.75%
Wage growth	3.50%

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant. (Pension Consulting Alliance PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each future valuation, CalSTRS consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of 20-year geometrically-linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public equity	42%	4.8%
Real estate	15%	3.6%
Private equity	13%	6.3%
Fixed income	12%	1.3%
Risk mitigating strategies	10%	1.8%
Inflation sensitive	6%	3.3%
Cash/liquidity	2%	-0.4%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10%) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments and administrative expense occurred midyear. Based on these assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one% lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (6.10%)	\$ 258,335,129
Current discount rate (7.10%)	170,985,405
1% increase (8.10%)	98,865,907

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the School Employer Pool (SEP) under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2019 annual actuarial valuation report, and Schools Pool Actuarial Valuation. These reports and CalPERS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications at: <https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications>.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least five years of credited service. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The CalPERS provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2021, are summarized as follows:

	School Employer Pool (CalPERS)	
	On or before December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013
Hire date		
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	55	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%
Required employee contribution rate	7.00%	7.00%
Required employer contribution rate	20.70%	20.70%

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contributions rates are expressed as percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2021, are presented above and the total District contributions were \$9,111,550.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2021, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling \$96,909,512. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June, 30 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively was 0.3158% and 0.3192%, resulting in a net increase in proportionate share of 0.0034%.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$21,160,140. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 9,111,550	\$ -
Change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions	3,580,192	2,762,808
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	2,017,348	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	4,806,414	-
Changes of assumptions	355,371	-
	\$ 19,870,875	\$ 2,762,808
Total		

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments are amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2021	\$ (754,933)
2022	673,374
2023	1,170,434
2024	928,473
Total	<u>\$ 2,017,348</u>

The deferred (inflows) of resources related to the net change in proportionate share of net pension liability, changes of assumptions, and differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is 4.0 years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2021	\$ 4,781,905
2022	1,581,766
2023	(330,232)
2024	(54,270)
Total	<u>\$ 5,979,169</u>

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for the SEP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2019
Measurement date	June 30, 2020
Experience study	July 1, 1997 through June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.15%
Investment rate of return	7.15%
Consumer price inflation	2.50%
Wage growth	Varies by entry age and service

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries 90% of scale MP-2016.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first ten years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expense the target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global equity	50%	5.98%
Fixed income	28%	2.62%
Inflation assets	0%	1.81%
Private equity	8%	7.23%
Real assets	13%	4.93%
Liquidity	1%	-0.92%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Based on these assumptions, the School Employer Pool fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (6.15%)	\$ 139,325,095
Current discount rate (7.15%)	96,909,512
1% increase (8.15%)	61,706,706

Accumulated Program for Part-Time and Limited Services Employees (APPLE)

As established by Federal law, all public sector employees who are not members of their employer's existing retirement system (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by Social Security or an alternative plan. The District has elected to use the APPLE Retirement Program as its alternative plan. Contributions made by the District and an employee vest immediately. The District contributes 1.3% of an employee's gross earnings. An employee is required to contribute 6.2% of his or her gross earnings to the pension plan.

On Behalf Payments

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS and CalPERS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to STRS in the amount of \$9,975,189 for June 30, 2021. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures.

Note 16 - Commitments and Contingencies

Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2021, the District had \$3,361,564 in construction commitments for its modernization projects.

Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2021.

Litigation

The District is involved in various litigations arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2021.

Note 17 - Participation in Public Entity Risk Pools, Joint Power Authorities and Other Related Party Transactions

The District is a member of Self Insured Schools of California (SISC), Northern California Regional Liability Excess Fund (NorCal ReLiEF), and Public Insurance Program for Schools (PIPS) public entity risk pools (JPAs). The District pays an annual premium to the applicable entity for its property and liability coverage, excess workers' compensation and excess medical insurance. The relationship between the District and the JPAs is such that the JPAs are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPA has a budgeting and financial reporting requirement independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entities and the District are included in these statements.

Note 18 - Subsequent Events

On October 20, 2021 the District refunded portions of the 2019 certificates of participation. The District retired \$14,205,000 of principal to originate \$12,590,000 of debt with a maturity of August 1, 2034. The interest rate of the 2021 refunding certificates of participation is 4.00%.

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Required Supplementary Information
June 30, 2021

Pajaro Valley Unified School District

Pajaro Valley Unified School District
 Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund
 Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variances -
	Original	Final		Positive (Negative) Final to Actual
Revenues				
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ 174,369,344	\$ 188,393,683	\$ 188,572,551	\$ 178,868
Federal sources	24,289,327	46,054,495	36,944,668	(9,109,827)
Other State sources	27,495,222	40,116,150	53,324,265	13,208,115
Other local sources	1,908,357	4,650,691	4,094,105	(556,586)
Total revenues	<u>228,062,250</u>	<u>279,215,019</u>	<u>282,935,589</u>	<u>3,720,570</u>
Expenditures				
Current				
Certificated salaries	82,286,015	89,220,782	90,424,169	(1,203,387)
Classified salaries	39,105,797	39,881,588	38,925,234	956,354
Employee benefits	75,469,886	89,510,704	87,426,170	2,084,534
Books and supplies	11,043,668	25,303,055	16,563,476	8,739,579
Services and expenditures	18,775,050	34,604,922	25,994,172	8,610,750
Debt services	158,726	(351,264)	210,875	(562,139)
Capital outlay	3,201,519	3,507,662	2,715,684	791,978
Total expenditures	<u>230,040,661</u>	<u>281,677,449</u>	<u>262,259,780</u>	<u>19,417,669</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>(1,978,411)</u>	<u>(2,462,430)</u>	<u>20,675,809</u>	<u>23,138,239</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	1,250,000	1,250,000	188,555	(1,061,445)
Transfers out	(364,185)	(116,111)	(98,982)	17,129
Net financing sources (uses)	<u>885,815</u>	<u>1,133,889</u>	<u>89,573</u>	<u>(1,044,316)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,092,596)	(1,328,541)	20,765,382	22,093,923
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>18,683,432</u>	<u>18,683,432</u>	<u>18,683,432</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$ 17,590,836</u>	<u>\$ 17,354,891</u>	<u>\$ 39,448,814</u>	<u>\$ 22,093,923</u>

Pajaro Valley Unified School District
Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$ 12,629,303	\$ 10,000,902	\$ 7,038,018	\$ 6,849,653	\$ 6,666,329
Interest	2,496,263	3,205,293	3,102,693	2,908,224	2,539,977
Employer contributions	(3,776,187)	(4,156,065)	(3,581,038)	(3,479,241)	(3,345,424)
Difference between expected and actual experience	8,250,912	-	271,684	-	-
Changes of assumptions	6,032,173	11,322,429	1,914,699	(1,204,336)	-
Net change in total OPEB liability	25,632,464	20,372,559	8,746,056	5,074,300	5,860,882
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	109,039,930	88,667,371	79,921,315	74,847,015	68,986,133
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	<u>\$ 134,672,394</u>	<u>\$ 109,039,930</u>	<u>\$ 88,667,371</u>	<u>\$ 79,921,315</u>	<u>\$ 74,847,015</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions - employer	\$ 3,776,187	\$ 4,156,065	\$ 3,581,038	\$ 3,479,241	\$ 3,345,424
Net investment income	726,102	148,544	151,343	174,556	284,816
Benefit payments	(3,776,187)	(4,156,065)	(3,581,038)	(3,479,241)	(3,345,424)
Administrative expense	(38,042)	(34,170)	(32,896)	(32,696)	(30,503)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	688,060	114,374	118,447	141,860	254,313
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	3,209,865	3,095,491	2,977,044	2,835,184	2,580,871
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	<u>\$ 3,897,925</u>	<u>\$ 3,209,865</u>	<u>\$ 3,095,491</u>	<u>\$ 2,977,044</u>	<u>\$ 2,835,184</u>
Net OPEB Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	<u>\$ 130,774,469</u>	<u>\$ 105,830,065</u>	<u>\$ 85,571,880</u>	<u>\$ 76,944,271</u>	<u>\$ 72,011,831</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	2.89%	2.94%	3.49%	3.72%	3.79%
Covered-Employee Payroll	<u>\$ 146,755,736</u>	<u>\$ 151,592,751</u>	<u>\$ 153,593,936</u>	<u>\$ 147,837,766</u>	<u>\$ 137,357,251</u>
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	89.11%	69.81%	55.71%	52.05%	52.43%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

See Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Pajaro Valley Unified School District
 Schedule of District OPEB Contributions
 Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Actuarially determined contribution	3,776,187	\$ 4,156,065	\$ 3,581,038	\$ 3,479,241	\$ 3,345,424
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	<u>3,776,187</u>	<u>4,156,065</u>	<u>3,144,629</u>	<u>3,664,714</u>	<u>4,987,447</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 436,409</u>	<u>\$ (185,473)</u>	<u>\$ (1,642,023)</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 146,755,736</u>	<u>\$ 151,592,751</u>	<u>\$ 153,593,936</u>	<u>\$ 147,837,766</u>	<u>\$ 137,357,251</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>2.6%</u>	<u>2.7%</u>	<u>2.0%</u>	<u>2.5%</u>	<u>3.6%</u>

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Pajaro Valley Unified School District
Schedule of Investment Returns
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	<u>3.56%</u>	<u>3.83%</u>	<u>3.25%</u>	<u>2.65%</u>	<u>3.33%</u>

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Pajaro Valley Unified School District
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liabilities
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
CalSTRS							
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.1764%	0.1877%	0.1746%	0.1770%	0.1650%	0.1842%	0.1758%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 170,985,405	\$ 169,491,078	\$ 160,447,247	\$ 163,703,335	\$ 133,420,686	\$ 124,038,926	\$ 102,724,052
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	96,909,512	92,468,698	91,863,553	96,845,510	75,954,016	65,602,918	62,029,218
Total	<u>\$ 267,894,917</u>	<u>\$ 261,959,776</u>	<u>\$ 252,310,800</u>	<u>\$ 260,548,845</u>	<u>\$ 209,374,702</u>	<u>\$ 189,641,844</u>	<u>\$ 164,753,270</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 97,932,690</u>	<u>\$ 99,000,160</u>	<u>\$ 95,011,566</u>	<u>\$ 93,010,334</u>	<u>\$ 70,863,691</u>	<u>\$ 76,042,128</u>	<u>78,540,681</u>
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	<u>174.59%</u>	<u>171.20%</u>	<u>168.87%</u>	<u>176.01%</u>	<u>188.28%</u>	<u>163.12%</u>	<u>130.79%</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	<u>72%</u>	<u>73%</u>	<u>71%</u>	<u>69%</u>	<u>70%</u>	<u>74%</u>	<u>77%</u>
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
CalPERS							
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.3158%	0.3192%	0.3009%	0.2716%	0.2741%	0.2932%	0.2922%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 96,909,512	\$ 93,020,280	\$ 80,241,523	\$ 64,834,201	\$ 54,132,557	\$ 43,211,280	\$ 33,166,972
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 45,822,053</u>	<u>\$ 45,737,543</u>	<u>\$ 42,627,191</u>	<u>\$ 36,141,518</u>	<u>\$ 32,900,920</u>	<u>\$ 32,468,354</u>	<u>\$ 33,581,056</u>
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	<u>211.49%</u>	<u>203.38%</u>	<u>188.24%</u>	<u>179.39%</u>	<u>164.53%</u>	<u>133.09%</u>	<u>98.77%</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	<u>70%</u>	<u>70%</u>	<u>71%</u>	<u>72%</u>	<u>74%</u>	<u>79%</u>	<u>83%</u>
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014

Note : In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Pajaro Valley Unified School District
Schedule of District Pension Contributions
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
CalSTRS							
Contractually required contribution	\$ 15,117,297	\$ 16,746,490	\$ 16,117,226	\$ 13,710,169	\$ 11,700,700	\$ 7,603,674	\$ 6,752,541
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>15,117,297</u>	<u>16,746,490</u>	<u>16,117,226</u>	<u>13,710,169</u>	<u>11,700,700</u>	<u>7,603,674</u>	<u>6,752,541</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 93,605,554</u>	<u>\$ 97,932,690</u>	<u>\$ 99,000,160</u>	<u>\$ 95,011,566</u>	<u>\$ 93,010,334</u>	<u>\$ 70,863,691</u>	<u>\$ 76,042,128</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>16.15%</u>	<u>17.10%</u>	<u>16.28%</u>	<u>14.43%</u>	<u>12.58%</u>	<u>10.73%</u>	<u>8.88%</u>
CalPERS							
Contractually required contribution	\$ 9,111,550	\$ 9,036,567	\$ 8,261,115	\$ 6,620,429	\$ 5,019,334	\$ 3,897,772	\$ 3,821,850
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>9,111,550</u>	<u>9,036,567</u>	<u>8,261,115</u>	<u>6,620,429</u>	<u>5,019,334</u>	<u>3,897,772</u>	<u>3,821,850</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 44,017,150</u>	<u>\$ 45,822,053</u>	<u>\$ 45,737,543</u>	<u>\$ 42,627,191</u>	<u>\$ 36,141,518</u>	<u>\$ 32,900,920</u>	<u>\$ 32,468,354</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>20.70%</u>	<u>19.72%</u>	<u>18.06%</u>	<u>15.53%</u>	<u>13.89%</u>	<u>11.85%</u>	<u>11.77%</u>

Note : In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and provisions of the California *Education Code*. The governing board is required to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for.

This schedule presents information for the original and final budgets and actual results of operations, as well as the variances from the final budget to actual results of operations.

Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This schedule presents information on the District's changes in the net OPEB liability, including beginning and ending balances, the plan's fiduciary net position, and the net OPEB liability. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- *Changes in Benefit Terms* – There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations.
- *Changes of Assumptions* – The investment rate of return was changed from 3.25% in 2019 to 3.56% in 2020.

Schedule of District OPEB Contributions

This schedule presents information on the District's actuarially determined contribution, contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution, and any excess or deficiency related to the actuarially determined contribution. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Schedule of OPEB Investment Returns

This schedule presents information on the annual money-weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investments. In future years, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL), the plans' fiduciary net position and, when applicable, the State's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the District. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- *Changes in Benefit Terms* – There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for both CalSTRS and CalPERS.
- *Changes of Assumptions* – There were no changes in economic assumptions for either the CalSTRS or CalPERS plans from the previous valuations.

Schedule of District Pension Contributions

This schedule presents information on the District's required contribution, the amounts actually contributed, and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

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Supplementary Information
June 30, 2021

Pajaro Valley Unified School District

Pajaro Valley Unified School District
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing/Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed Through California Department of Education (CDE)			
Special Education Cluster			
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	13379	\$ 4,044,320
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	15197	212,787
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	15438	56,420
Special Education-Preschool Grants	84.173	13431	1,000
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	13007	16,853
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	13430	<u>179,110</u>
Total Special Education Cluster			<u>4,510,490</u>
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	14508	226,947
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	13978	85,400
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	14109	<u>47,040</u>
Subtotal			<u>359,387</u>
COVID-19, Education Stabilization Fund			
Elementary and Secondary School			
Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER) Fund			
ESSER	84.425D	15536	501,805
ESSER II	84.425D	15547	80,934
Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund			
Learning Loss Mitigation	84.425C	15517	<u>48,191</u>
Subtotal			<u>630,930</u>
Migrant Education State Grant Program	84.011	14326	3,258,923
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	14329	4,545,912
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	15438	274,078
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	14341	744,168
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	14346	753,425
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	15146	3,602
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	15396	209,889
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	14349	3,577,244
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196	14332	175,455
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	14894	158,463
Special Education-Grants for Infants and Families	84.181	15197	246,523
Rehabilitation Services Vocational			
Rehabilitation Grants to States	84.126	10006	<u>239,553</u>
Total U.S. Department of Education			<u>19,688,042</u>

Pajaro Valley Unified School District
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing/Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Human Services Passed Through California Department of Education Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) Cluster Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	13609	660,626
COVID-19, Child Care and Development Block Grant Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA) Act	93.575	15555	<u>229,320</u>
Total CCDF Cluster			<u>889,946</u>
Head Start Cluster Head Start	93.600	10016	<u>7,592,983</u>
Total Head Start Cluster			<u>7,592,983</u>
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			<u>8,482,929</u>
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through California Department of Education Child Nutrition Cluster National School Lunch Program	10.555	13524	14,704,519
School Breakfast Program	10.553	13526	<u>1,800,998</u>
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			<u>16,505,517</u>
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	13393	93,347
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	14968	411,972
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited Availability	10.579	14906	<u>54,461</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			<u>17,065,297</u>
U.S. Department of Treasury Passed Through California Department of Education COVID-19, Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	25516	<u>18,717,850</u>
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			<u>18,717,850</u>
Total Federal Financial Assistance			<u><u>\$ 63,954,118</u></u>

Organization

The Pajaro Valley Unified School District was established in 1964 and consists of an area comprising approximately 150 square miles. The District operates sixteen elementary, six middle, three high schools, one community day school, one continuation high school, an adult education school, twelve childcare centers, a migrant center and five charter schools. The District’s boundaries remained unchanged in the fiscal year.

Governing Board

Member	Office	Term Expires
Kim De Serpa	President	2022
Maria Orozco	Vice President	2024
Georgia Acosta	Member	2024
Daniel Dodge Jr.	Member	2022
Jennifer Holm	Member	2022
Jennifer Schacher	Member	2022
Oscar Soto	Member	2024
Itzi Sanchez	Student Trustee	2022

Administration

Name	Title
Dr. Michelle Rodriguez	Superintendent

Pajaro Valley Unified School District
 Schedule of Instructional Time - District
 Year Ended June 30, 2021

Grade Level	Number of Actual Days		Number of Days Credited Form J-13A	Total Days Offered	Status
	Traditional Calendar	Multitrack Calendar			
Kindergarten	180	N/A	-	180	Complied
Grades 1 - 3					
Grade 1	180	N/A	-	180	Complied
Grade 2	180	N/A	-	180	Complied
Grade 3	180	N/A	-	180	Complied
Grades 4 - 6					
Grade 4	180	N/A	-	180	Complied
Grade 5	180	N/A	-	180	Complied
Grade 6	180	N/A	-	180	Complied
Grades 7 - 8					
Grade 7	180	N/A	-	180	Complied
Grade 8	180	N/A	-	180	Complied
Grades 9 - 12					
Grade 9	180	N/A	-	180	Complied
Grade 10	180	N/A	-	180	Complied
Grade 11	180	N/A	-	180	Complied
Grade 12	180	N/A	-	180	Complied

Pajaro Valley Unified School District
 Schedule of Instructional Time - Charter Schools
 Year Ended June 30, 2021

Grade Level	Traditional Calendar	Multitrack Calendar	Total Days Offered	Status
Diamond Technology Institute				
Grade 9	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Grade 10	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Grade 11	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Grade 12	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Alianza Charter School				
Kindergarten	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Grade 1	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Grade 2	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Grade 3	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Grade 4	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Grade 5	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Grade 6	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Grade 7	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Grade 8	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Linscott Charter School				
Kindergarten	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Grade 1	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Grade 2	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Grade 3	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Grade 4	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Grade 5	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Grade 6	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Grade 7	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Grade 8	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Watsonville Charter School of the Arts				
Kindergarten	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Grade 1	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Grade 2	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Grade 3	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Grade 4	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Grade 5	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Grade 6	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Grade 7	180	N/A	180	In Compliance
Grade 8	180	N/A	180	In Compliance

Pajaro Valley Unified School District
Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements
Year Ended June 30, 2021

There were no adjustments to the Unaudited Actual Financial Report, which required reconciliation to the audited financial statements at June 30, 2021.

Pajaro Valley Unified School District
Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis
Year Ended June 30, 2021

	(Budget) 2022 ¹	2021	2020	2019
General Fund				
Revenues	\$ 264,160,379	\$ 282,935,589	\$ 251,895,752	\$ 254,764,663
Other sources	1,250,000	188,555	1,897,467	102,684
Total revenues and other sources	<u>265,410,379</u>	<u>283,124,144</u>	<u>253,793,219</u>	<u>254,867,347</u>
Expenditures	261,875,343	262,259,780	261,745,061	267,258,140
Other uses and transfers out	164,388	98,982	424,132	509,157
Total expenditures and other uses	<u>262,039,731</u>	<u>262,358,762</u>	<u>262,169,193</u>	<u>267,767,297</u>
Increase/(Decrease) in Fund Balance	<u>3,370,648</u>	<u>20,765,382</u>	<u>(8,375,974)</u>	<u>(12,899,950)</u>
Ending Fund Balance	<u>\$ 42,819,462</u>	<u>\$ 39,448,814</u>	<u>\$ 18,683,432</u>	<u>\$ 27,059,406</u>
Available Reserves ²	<u>\$ 28,088,386</u>	<u>\$ 21,154,802</u>	<u>\$ 14,311,642</u>	<u>\$ 8,033,073</u>
Available Reserves as a Percentage of Total Outgo	<u>10.72%</u>	<u>8.06%</u>	<u>5.46%</u>	<u>3.00%</u>
Long-Term Liabilities	<u>\$ 608,985,170</u>	<u>\$ 617,000,745</u>	<u>\$ 592,503,795</u>	<u>\$ 536,560,953</u>
K-12 Average Daily Attendance at P-2	<u>16,634</u>	<u>16,641</u>	<u>16,641</u>	<u>17,072</u>

The General Fund balance has increased by \$12.4 million over the past two years. The fiscal year 2021-2022 budget projects an increase of \$3.4 million. For a district this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred an operating surplus during the fiscal year 2020-2021 and anticipates incurring an operating surplus during the 2021-2022 fiscal year. Total long-term liabilities have increased by \$80.4 million over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 431 over the past two years. ADA is anticipated to decrease 7 during fiscal year 2021-2022.

¹Budget 2022 is included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.

²Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances including all amounts reserved for economic uncertainties contained with the General Fund.

Pajaro Valley Unified School District
Schedule of Charter Schools
Year Ended June 30, 2021

<u>Name of Charter School</u>	<u>Charter Number</u>	<u>Included in Audit Report</u>
Diamond Technology Institute	0265	Yes
Alianza Charter School	0164	Yes
Linscott Charter School	0041	Yes
Pacific Coast Charter School	0170	Yes
Watsonville Charter School of the Arts	0373	Yes
Ceiba College Preparatory Academy	1004	No

Pajaro Valley Unified School District
 Schedule of Changes in Fund Balances - Charter Schools
 Year Ended June 30, 2021

	<u>Alianza Charter School</u>	<u>Diamond Technology Institute</u>	<u>Linscott Charter School</u>	<u>Pacific Coast Charter School</u>	<u>Watsonville School of the Arts</u>	<u>Total</u>
Fund balance, beginning	\$ 109,164	\$ 6,327	\$ 202,561	\$ 953,063	\$ 804,483	\$ 2,075,598
Revenues	8,018,740	1,107,292	2,612,346	2,107,615	4,297,381	18,143,374
Expenditures	<u>(6,752,419)</u>	<u>(1,079,665)</u>	<u>(2,411,314)</u>	<u>(2,186,977)</u>	<u>(4,257,102)</u>	<u>(16,687,477)</u>
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$ 1,375,485</u>	<u>\$ 33,954</u>	<u>\$ 403,593</u>	<u>\$ 873,701</u>	<u>\$ 844,762</u>	<u>\$ 3,531,495</u>

Pajaro Valley Unified School District
Combining Balance Sheet - Non-Major Governmental Funds
June 30, 2021

	Charter Schools Fund	Adult Education Fund	Child Development Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Deferred Maintenance Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Assets								
Deposits and investments	\$ 4,638,768	\$ 813,970	\$ 915,257	\$ 7,358,223	\$ 32	\$ 8,530,771	\$ 7,949,374	\$30,206,395
Receivables	2,567,069	930,530	2,762,479	2,518,484	-	-	-	8,778,562
Due from other funds	-	-	18,053	-	-	-	-	18,053
Stores inventories	-	-	-	174,357	-	-	-	174,357
Total assets	<u>\$ 7,205,837</u>	<u>\$ 1,744,500</u>	<u>\$ 3,695,789</u>	<u>\$10,051,064</u>	<u>\$ 32</u>	<u>\$ 8,530,771</u>	<u>\$ 7,949,374</u>	<u>\$39,177,367</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ 203,437	\$ 162,134	\$ 1,204,084	\$ 165,364	\$ -	\$ 16,927	\$ -	\$ 1,751,946
Due to other funds	2,766,077	167,524	-	506,123	-	-	-	3,439,724
Unearned revenue	704,828	63,465	1,304,474	-	-	-	-	2,072,767
Total liabilities	<u>3,674,342</u>	<u>393,123</u>	<u>2,508,558</u>	<u>671,487</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>16,927</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,264,437</u>
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable	-	-	-	174,357	-	-	-	174,357
Restricted	3,531,495	1,351,377	1,187,231	9,205,220	32	8,513,844	7,949,374	31,738,573
Total fund balances	<u>3,531,495</u>	<u>1,351,377</u>	<u>1,187,231</u>	<u>9,379,577</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>8,513,844</u>	<u>7,949,374</u>	<u>31,912,930</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 7,205,837</u>	<u>\$ 1,744,500</u>	<u>\$ 3,695,789</u>	<u>\$10,051,064</u>	<u>\$ 32</u>	<u>\$ 8,530,771</u>	<u>\$ 7,949,374</u>	<u>\$39,177,367</u>

Pajaro Valley Unified School District
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Charter Schools Fund	Adult Education Fund	Child Development Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Deferred Maintenance Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Revenues								
Local Control Funding Formula	\$15,789,455	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$15,789,455
Federal sources	1,101,838	359,387	8,482,929	17,065,296	-	-	-	27,009,450
Other State sources	1,781,874	3,280,396	7,887,250	2,519,144	-	-	-	15,468,664
Other local sources	56,668	287,090	437,496	50,492	244	1,494,713	10,764,091	13,090,794
Total revenues	18,729,835	3,926,873	16,807,675	19,634,932	244	1,494,713	10,764,091	71,358,363
Expenditures								
Current								
Instruction	10,234,299	1,381,732	10,277,886	-	-	-	-	21,893,917
Instruction-related activities								
Supervision of instruction	222,690	1,612,596	2,844,861	-	-	-	-	4,680,147
Instructional library, media, and technology	622,047	71,438	38,624	-	-	-	-	732,109
School site administration	5,241,037	508	33,470	-	-	-	-	5,275,015
Pupil services								
Food services	-	-	-	12,685,579	-	-	-	12,685,579
All other pupil services	231,812	79,609	1,873,136	-	-	-	-	2,184,557
Administration								
All other administration	5,947	106,548	650,530	535,318	-	-	-	1,298,343
Plant services	444,775	111,284	532,895	50,306	31,940	662,053	-	1,833,253
Capital outlay	340,136	-	136,216	-	60,389	171,710	-	708,451
Debt service								
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,215,000	6,215,000
Interest and other	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,546,333	5,546,333
Total expenditures	17,342,743	3,363,715	16,387,618	13,271,203	92,329	833,763	11,761,333	63,052,704
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	1,387,092	563,158	420,057	6,363,729	(92,085)	660,950	(997,242)	8,305,659
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in	68,805	-	30,177	-	-	-	-	98,982
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,455,897	563,158	450,234	6,363,729	(92,085)	660,950	(997,242)	8,404,641
Fund Balance - Beginning	2,075,598	788,219	736,997	3,015,848	92,117	7,852,894	8,946,616	23,508,289
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 3,531,495	\$ 1,351,377	\$ 1,187,231	\$ 9,379,577	\$ 32	\$ 8,513,844	\$ 7,949,374	\$ 31,912,930

See Notes to Supplementary Information

Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA)

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Pajaro Valley Unified School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets (or net position or fund balance) of the District.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the schedule are reported on the modified accrued basis of accounting. When applicable, such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. No federal financial assistance has been provided to a subrecipient.

Indirect Cost Rate

The District has not elected to use the ten percent de minimis cost rate

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries, schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

Schedule of Instructional Time

This schedule presents information on the number of instructional days offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code* Sections 43504.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Unaudited Actual Financial Report to the audited financial statements.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule lists all Charter Schools chartered by the School District and displays information for each Charter School on whether or not the Charter School is included in the School District audit.

Charter School Statement of Changes in Fund Balances

The charter school schedule of changes in fund balances provides information about the changes in fund balance in each of the five charter schools operated by the District.

Non-Major Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

The Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances is included to provide information regarding the individual funds that have been included in the Non-Major Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.



**Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements
Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards***

Governing Board
Pajaro Valley Unified School District
Watsonville, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pajaro Valley Unified School District (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 25, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Eide Bailly LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Menlo Park, California
February 25, 2022



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Governing Board
Pajaro Valley Unified School District
Watsonville, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Pajaro Valley Unified School District's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its Federal awards applicable to its Federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major Federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major Federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major Federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Menlo Park, California
February 25, 2022



Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance

Governing Board
Pajaro Valley Unified School District
Watsonville, California

Report on State Compliance

We have audited Pajaro Valley Unified School District's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements as identified in the *2020-2021 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's State government programs as noted below for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the State laws and regulations as identified in the table below.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance of each of the District's State programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *2020-2021 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements listed below has occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on state compliance. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Compliance Requirements Tested:

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	<u>Procedures Performed</u>
LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCIES OTHER THAN CHARTER SCHOOLS	
Attendance and Distance Learning	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	No, see below
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	No, see below
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	No, see below
SCHOOL DISTRICTS, COUNTY OFFICES OF EDUCATION, AND CHARTER SCHOOLS	
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	No, see below
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Independent Study - Course Based	Yes
CHARTER SCHOOLS	
Attendance	Yes
Mode of Instruction	Yes
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	Yes
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction	Yes
Charter School Facility Grant Program	No, see below

Early Retirement Incentive

The District did not offer an Early Retirement Incentive Program during the current year; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the Early Retirement Incentive Program.

Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction

We did not perform Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction procedures because the program is not offered by the District.

District of Choice

We did not perform District of Choice procedures because the program is not offered by the District.

California Clean Energy Jobs Act

We did not perform California Clean Energy Jobs Act procedures because the related procedures were performed in a previous year.

Charter School Facility Grant Program

We did not perform procedures for the Charter School Facility Grant Program because the District did not receive funding for this program.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on School Accountability Report Card

As described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2021-001, the District did not comply with requirements regarding the School Accountability Report Card. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for Pajaro Valley Unified School District to comply with the requirements referred to above.

Qualified Opinion on School Accountability Report Card

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2021.

The District's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Unmodified Opinion on Each of the Other Programs

In our opinion, Pajaro Valley Unified School District complied with the laws and regulations of the state programs referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2021, except as described in the accompanying *Schedule of State Compliance Findings and Questioned Costs*.

The purpose of this report on state compliance is solely to describe the results of our testing based on the requirements of the *2020-2021 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Menlo Park, California
February 25, 2022

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weaknesses identified	No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major program:	
Material weaknesses identified	No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516	No

Identification of major programs

Name of Federal Program or Cluster	Federal financial Assistance Listing/ Federal CFDA Number
Coronavirus Relief Fund (COVID)	21.019
Head Start	93.600
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs	\$1,918,624
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes

State Compliance

Unmodified for all programs except for the following program which was qualified:

Name of Program
School Accountability Report Card

None reported.

None reported.

2021-001 School Accountability Report Card
Code 40000, 72000

Criteria

EDC §17002 and EDC §33126(b)(8) requires that an assessment of school facilities be included in the annual School Accountability Report Card (SARC). School Districts use a “Facility Inspection Tool (FIT)” or equivalent, as the documented basis of the conditions reported in the facilities section of the SARC.

Condition

The District could not provide the FIT, or equivalent, for us to compare with the information about facilities published in the SARC.

Questioned Costs

There is no questioned cost associated with this condition.

Context

We selected a sample of six schools and the condition applies to four of those schools.

Effect

Information contained in the SARC regarding school facilities may be incomplete or inaccurate.

Cause and Recommendation

We recommend that the District appoint someone to be accountable for compliance in this area.

Identification as a Repeat Finding

This was not reported as a prior year finding.

Views of Responsible Officials/Corrective Action Plan

The District has included this area of gap in staff assignment and will address the corrective action required.

None reported.